

Step one: metering

At present, smart metering can provide water companies with accurate and convenient usage data that can be used to generate accurate bills for customers. Those at the beginning of the smart journey are able to perform drive-by and walk-by readings, known officially as Automatic Meter Reads (AMR) — although these are still not particularly effective for early identification of customer supply pipe leakage or internal plumbing losses.

At present: drive-by and walk-by readings

Walk-by/
Drive-by Van

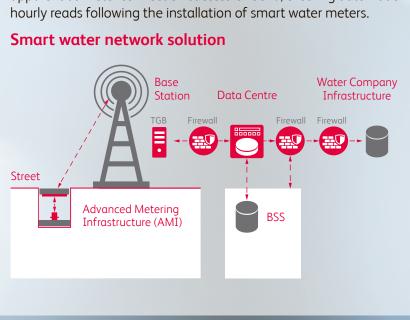
Automatic Meter
Reads (AMR)

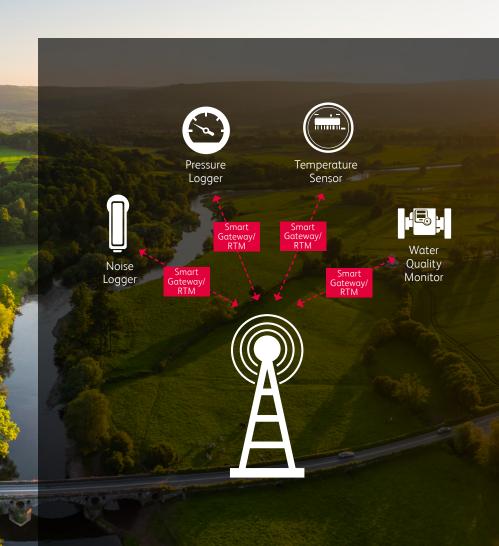
Those who have progressed further along the smart journey are adopting Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), where the meters are connected to a fixed network which provide hourly-read data back to the water company. The availability of timely data enables faster identification and resolution of leakage delivering reductions in water loss. Thames Water is at this point already, with Anglian and others expected to join soon. The improved operational efficiency with this approach becomes immediately apparent as meter connection success is >99%, ensuring automatic hourly reads following the installation of smart water meters.

technologies in the not-too-distant future.

The smart water journey can be split into three distinct stages, and the companies leading the charge are at the first of those.

Where are we going?



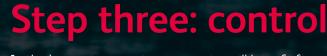


Step two: monitoring

At this point, water companies are able to monitor the performance of their distribution networks by analysing the data provided not only by connected meters but also other devices such as pressure loggers, noise loggers, temperature sensors, and water quality monitors.

The data generated by these devices can be used to inform water companies' decisions, improve operational efficiency and service quality. Water companies today use a range of communications networks to gather their monitoring data. Arqiva is enabling its fixed network to transport monitoring data in near real-time providing water companies with the choice of a single communications solution designed specifically for connecting to devices in hard to reach locations.

Having visibility of the water network performance in near real-time is a very powerful tool for water companies, as it allows them to make better critical business and operational decisions. This is a very crucial step towards the next stage, in which the water network can be proactively and dynamically managed.



In the longer term, water companies will benefit from a more integrated environment in which devices like pumps, pressure regulators and valves can be controlled remotely – again, with decisions driven by the real-time data being harvested by sensors positioned across the network.

Pressure loggers, noise loggers, temperature sensors, and water quality monitors, + pump management, pressure control and valve control.

The power to manage and optimise pressure in real-time by

varying the rate at which water is pumped into a network, for instance, will help to prevent leakage and pipe bursts, two of the biggest causes of water loss.

While the technology exists to start controlling water networks in this way, it's not fully integrated with other sensors, devices and analytics software, so it does not currently facilitate the kind of control and optimisation water companies need.

Pump Management Sonat Logger Sonat Gateway RTM Valve Control Noise Logger Sonat Gateway RTM Smart Gateway

The need for technological change

The journey towards fully smart water networks will only be successful if certain technologies continue to evolve and a communications solution can provide sufficient levels of security, resilience and availability.

Smart water devices are becoming more intelligent, with some able to process data locally rather than rely on external systems. The electronics being used are also becoming more power-efficient, which is essential if water companies are to justify the costs of burying them deep in their networks — replacing a sensor's battery every five years just isn't cost-effective. The Arqiva Smart Water Network operates in a highly efficient manner

using the Arqiva dedicated private 412MHz frequency and the connected AMI mode meters can support a 15-year battery life. On the data side, the spotlight is on analytics. The sensors being installed are bringing in large volumes of data but in its natural state it means nothing. It must be turned into meaningful information that helps water companies act, and for that they need intelligent processing systems.

As for Arqiva, our focus is on providing device agnostic end-points; with the aim of ensuring different device manufacturers can connect their devices to our network infrastructure, so that water companies aren't so restricted in the ways they can embrace smart technologies.

We're facing challenges

The road from here to where the water industry needs and would like to be has its obstacles.

Much of the investment needed for these changes will come from the water companies themselves, so there must be a strong business case to justify the initial costs – these are businesses operating in stringent regulated markets and they have shareholders after all. Fortunately, the successful smart metering implementations and trials in water-stressed areas have provided real evidence that this technology works well.

New and exciting challenges remain for all water companies to build smart networks that deliver value beyond metering and take us into the new environment of metering, monitoring and control,

with a supporting analytics platform.

Pressure from the government and industry regulator Ofwat, as well as strong influencers in DEFRA and the National Infrastructure Commission, will no doubt help to keep the water industry moving towards a smarter future in which companies can provide better value services for consumers.

